

#### Historical Development





1937 Cca 16.000 inhanitants

1950 Cca 24.000 inhabitants

1964 Cca 50.000 inhabitants

1999 Cca 250.000 inhabitants

2003 Estim. 315 000 – 420 000 inhabitants





















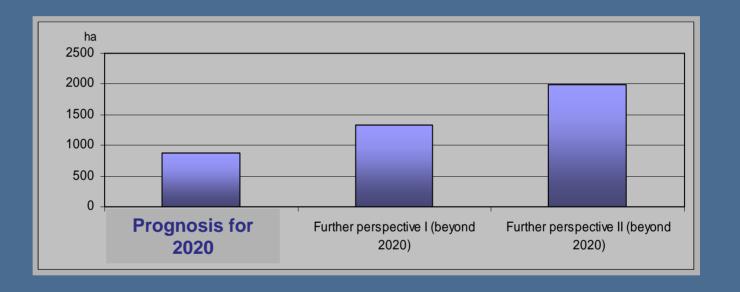
# OF POPULATION IN THE CITY OF PRISHTINA GO UP TO 640.000-800.000 INHABITANTS AT THE END OF THE NEXT TWO DECADES







# Prognosis and further perspectives Demand for Housing



Residential areas will include the social infrastructure such as schools, family health centers, open spaces, business, retail and other public services;

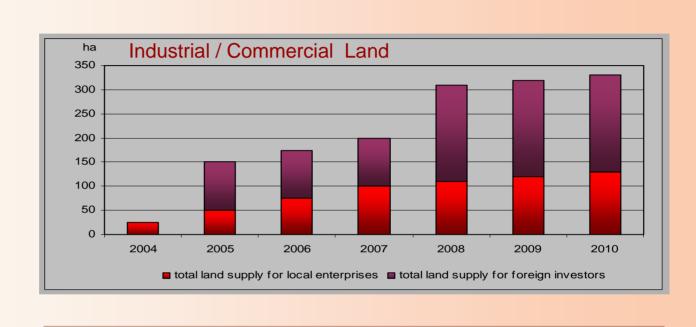
Ajoined to Gërmia forest, residential areas of high quality will be developed;

To make a better economic use of land and to preserve open spaces, building structures will be organized in a reasonable density and will be compensated with public parks and recreation near residential areas

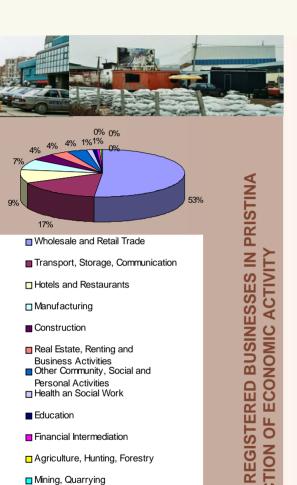


SECTION OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

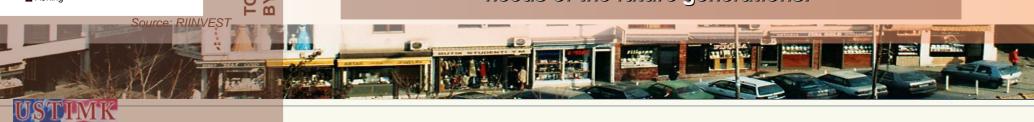
#### **ECONOMIC STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT**



Sustainable development and new approaches to the city problems involve fulfillment of the needs of today's generation by not harming possibilities and needs of the future generations.



- Wholesale and Retail Trade
- Transport, Storage, Communication
- □ Hotels and Restaurants
- Manufacturing
- Construction
- Real Estate, Renting and **Business Activities**
- Other Community, Social and Personal Activities
- Education
- Financial Intermediation
- ☐ Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry
- Mining, Quarrying
- Electricity, Gas, Water Supply
- Fishing







Planning and investing for new facilities for schools and any other facilities for education is encouraged.

Planning will be based on a programme of priorities due to the number of residents to be served within a certain radius.

Definite locations of new educational facilities will be planned in the context of regulatory plans.



MEDICAL CARE SYSTEM

Planning and investing for new medical health facilities is encouraged.

Family Health Centres are to be integrated in the structure of residential areas to the number of residents to be served within a certain radius.

Apart from the university hospital there is demand for smaller municipal hospitals.



By

PRESERVING AND
DEVELOPING OUR
CULTURAL HERITAGE

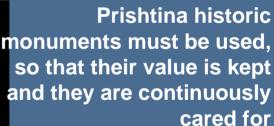
We develop our economy







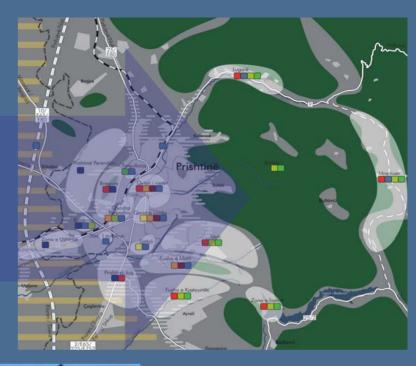






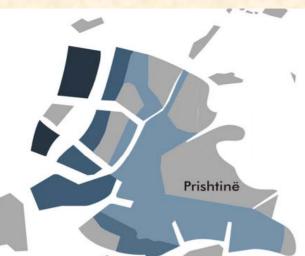








#### **Spatial Development**



Scattered Industrial/ Commercial Areas <u>50%</u>

**Densification** 60 ha

**Extension Industrial/** 

Commercial Areas 600 ha

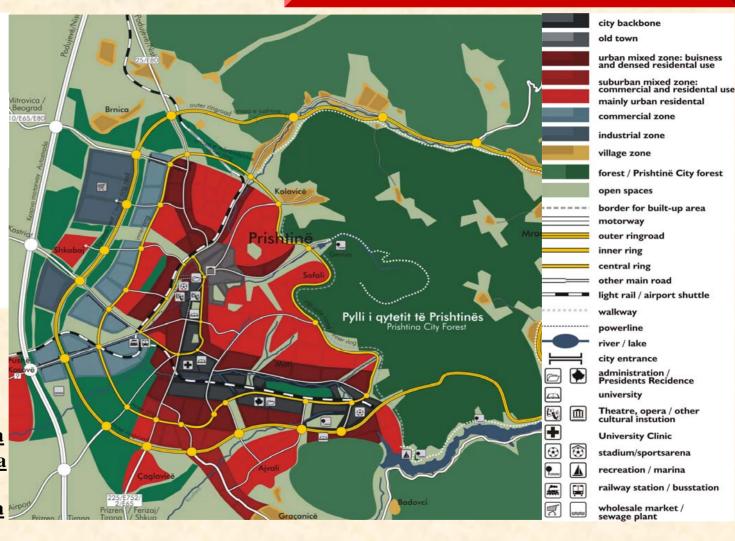
**Scattered Mixed Areas 50%** 

Densification 440 ha

**Extension Mixed Areas** 1600 ha

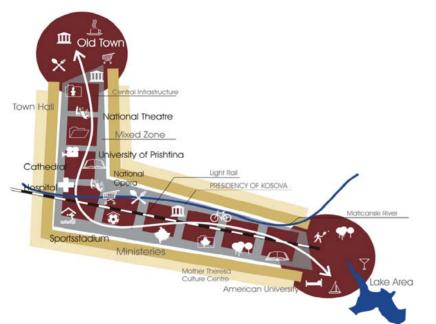
**Redevelopment Areas** 

115 ha





## City Centre Development



#### An Urban Backbone

An Urban Backbone with central Infrastructure, leading from the Old Town to the Batovc Lake Area, providing:

- Central City Functions
- -Presidency of Kosova, Government / Ministeries / International Org. HQ
- University / Central Education
- Hospital
- Buisness / Commercial, shopping, offices ...
- Culture / Cinema / Theatre / Museum ...
- Sports / Recreation; Urban Parks, Cycleway, Sportsarena
- Mother Theresa Cultural Centre
- American University



THE DEPARTMENT OF URBAN PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION



# Landscape Sports & Recreation





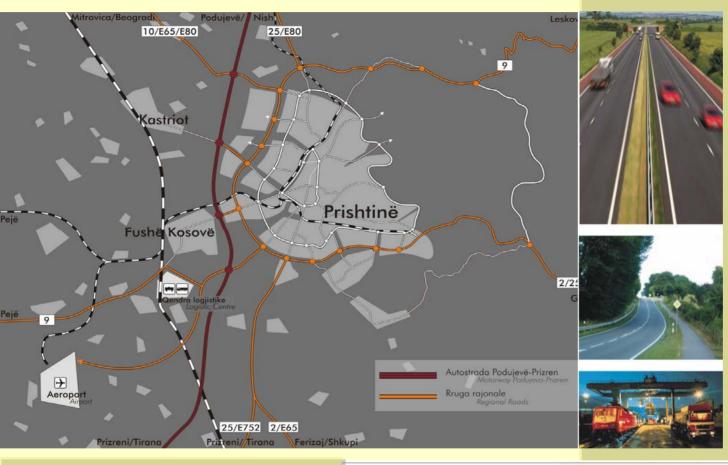
## **TRAFFIC PLAN AND TECHNICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PRISHTINA**

Construction of the ing-road system is the primary objective for sustainable elopment of the traffic network.

primary infrastructure is to be concentrated in the central ring road.



# REGIONAL ROAD TRAFFIC





Fushë Kosovë

Aeroport

## **URBAN TRAFFIC**

Outer ring-road ~40km Inner ring-road ~20km

